**Mid Term Project**

**Introduction to Data Science**

**Section: A**

**Submitted by:**

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**Submitted to: TOHEDUL ISLAM**

**Dataset Description:**

"This 1,319-sample dataset explores various reasons behind heart attacks, providing information about patients who have experienced this condition."  
we utilize a dataset comprising 1,319 samples, each with nine distinct fields. Sixth of these fields serve as input parameters, including age, gender, heart rate, systolic and diastolic blood pressure and blood sugar (glucose) levels. The seventh field is the output parameter/target attribute, classifying the presence of a heart attack into two categories: "negative" for the absence of a heart attack and "positive" for the presence of a heart attack.  
Analyzing this dataset may lead to critical insights and advancements in the field of cardiovascular health, ultimately helping to reduce the global burden of CVD-related deaths and improve public health outcomes.

**Convert XLSX to CSV and Import CSV and print the dataset:**

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**Description:**

The code is for read the dataset and also to prove the successful conversion of a xlsx file to csv file. Also, the output of the dataset by using the print()

**Column Name showing :**

names(data)

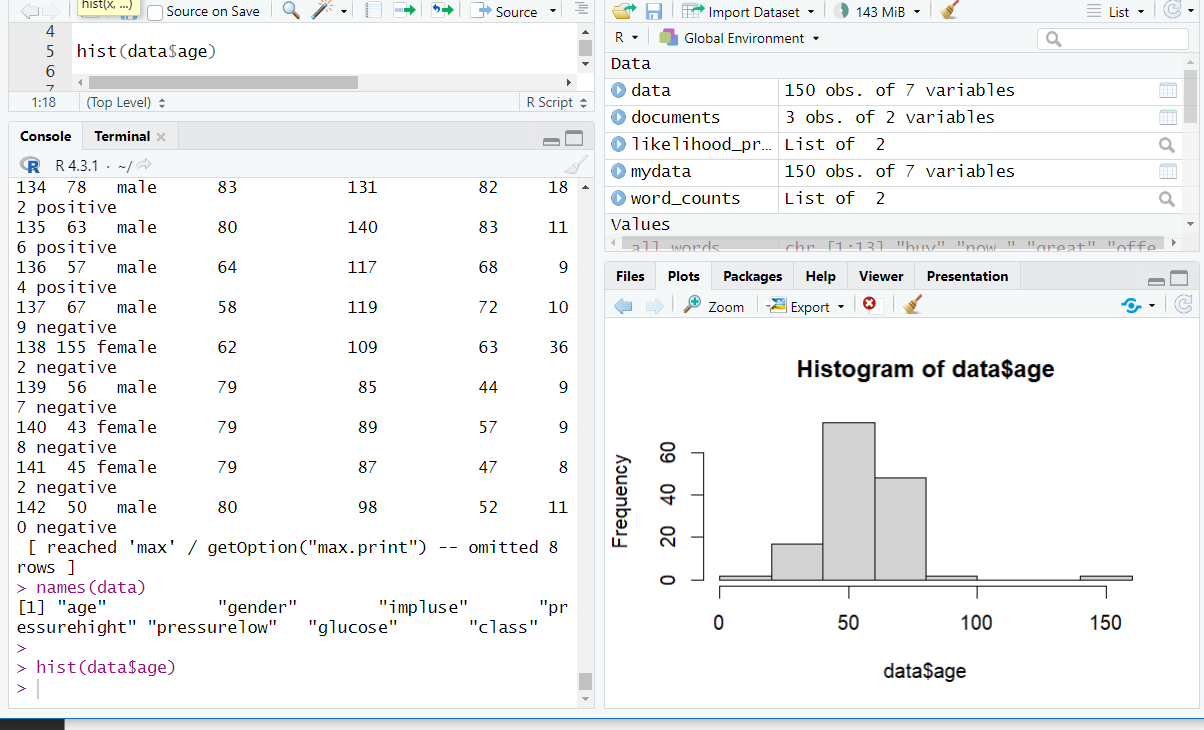
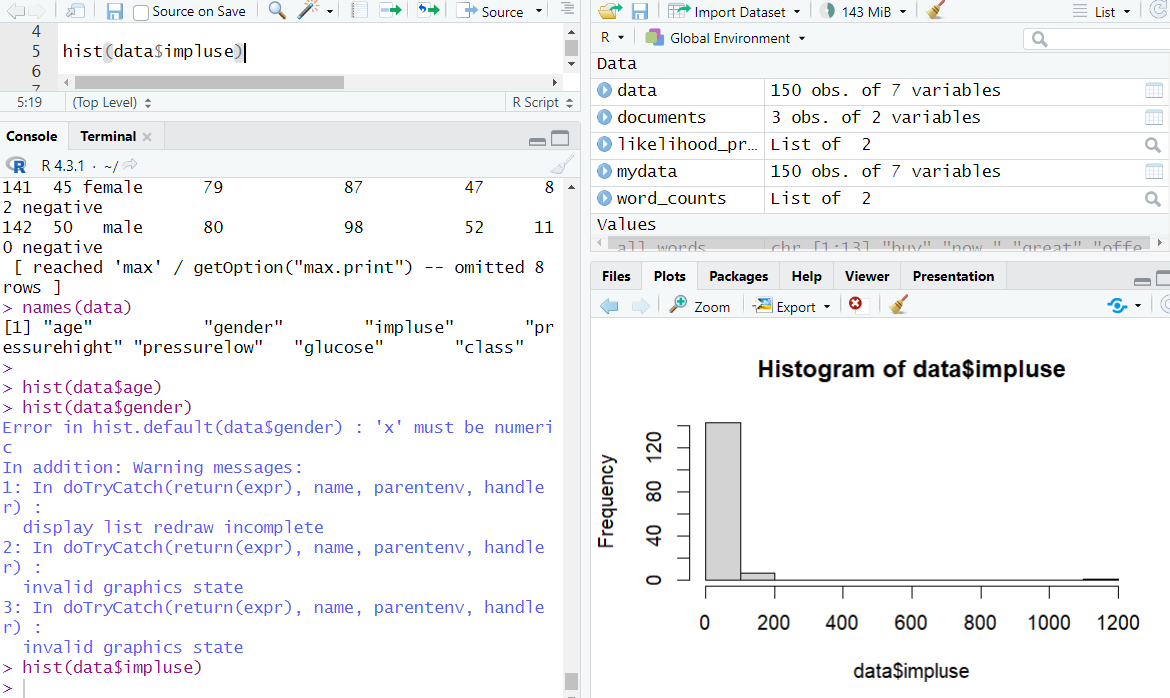
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**Description:**

Use ‘Names()’ function to see columns name of the dataset.

**Exploration :**

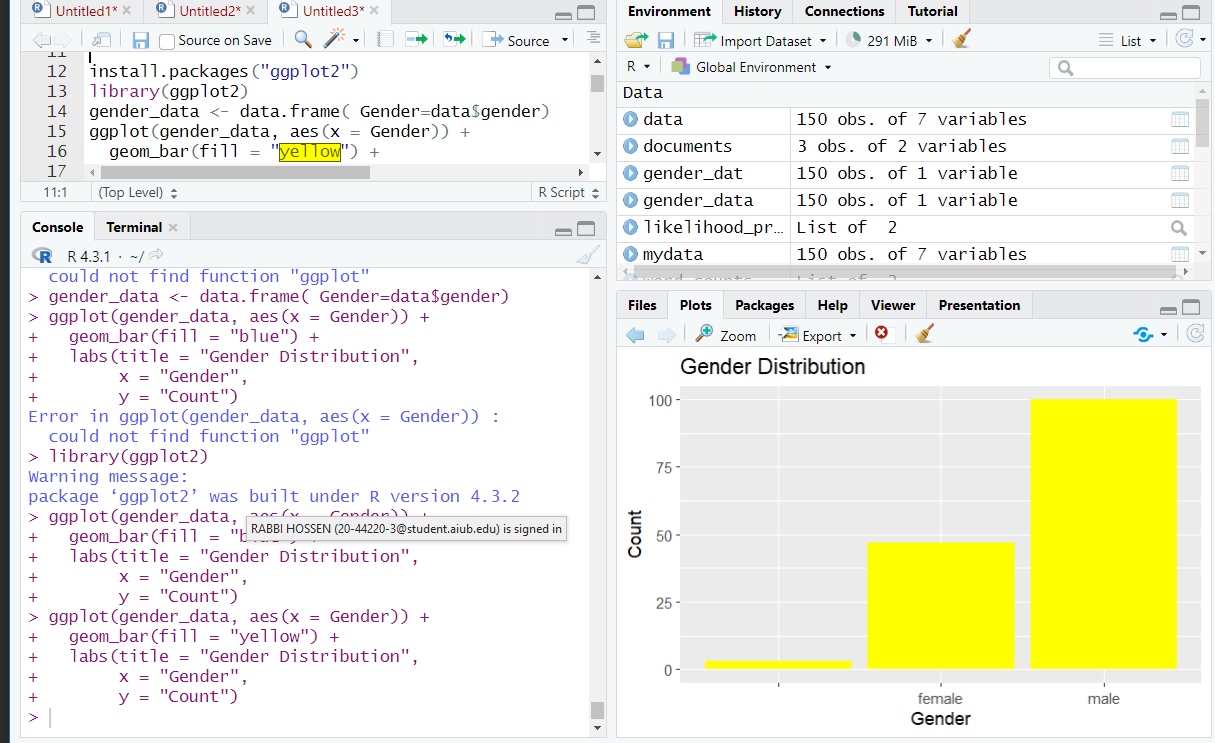
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**Description:**

Use hist() function to visualize attributes of numerical values and use barplot to visualize categorical values (gender and class). We use “ggplot2” librarie to demonstrate barchart.

**Data-Quality(Check Data-Completeness):**

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**Description:**

“is.na()” function  indicates which elements are missing.

To check the dataset is complete or not we use ‘colMeans()’ function. If not complete than it shows less than 1 value but if it is complete than it shows the value 1. We find that there is no complete data in our dataset

**Conversion:**

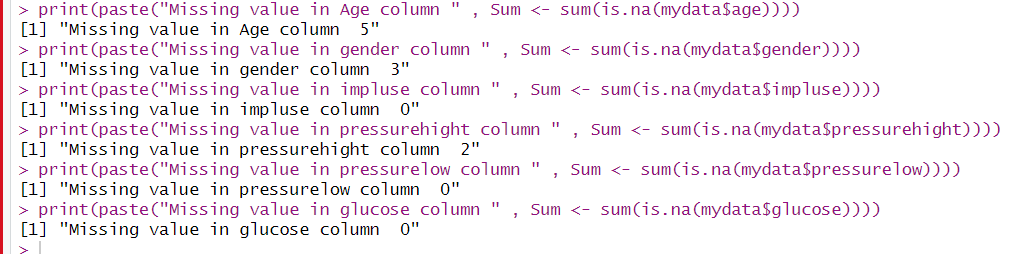
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**Description:**

We convert categorical value to numerical value for getting accurate mathematic calculation. Levels and label are use for transform characters to integer and bind them and “factor()” function  is used to encode a vector as a factor

**Missing value finding:**

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**Description:**

using is.na() function to check is there any missing value or not. “Paste()” function is used for concatenate multiple into a single string.

**Missing value handling (Remove null value):**

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**Description:**

We remove all null values row in the dataset using “na.omit()” function.

Use “summary()” function to find out min,max, median, mean value.

**Missing value handling (Replace by mean value):**

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**Description:**

we use “mean()” function to replace with the null/missing value for age and pressurehigh column.

**Missing value handling (Replace by median value):**

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**Description:**

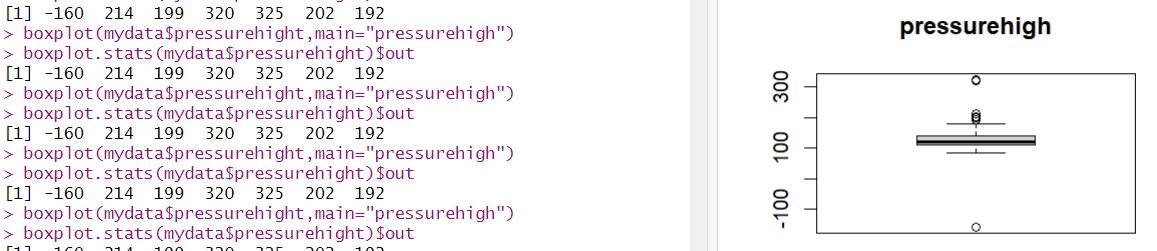
We Use “median()” function to replace the null/missing value for age and pressurehight column.

**Outliers (Detect ):**

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Description:

We use “boxplot()” function to find out outlier in graph. “boxplot.stats()$out” function is used to know which number are outlier.